

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 Brazing Paste

BHL-1310-XXX

SDS No : BHL-1	310-XXX_EU_GHS	Date Issued : 04/27/2015		
SECTION 1 : Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking				
1.1. Product identifier				
Product name	: BHL-1310-XXX			
Product description	: See Additional Information for	explanation of Product Name.		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advise	d against		
Relevant identified uses		onsisting of powdered filler metal and flux suspended in a als by heating the parts to be joined and this product to re of the filler metal.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet			
Manufacturer Fusion Automation Incorporated Barrows Road, The Pinnacles HARLOW, ESSEX CM19 5FD UNIT Emergency Contact Service Number E-Mail	TED KINGDOM : Safety Officer +44 (0)1279 443 : +44 (0)1279 443122 : Jerishia D. Fouts: MSDS@fusio			
Additional information	system: First segment [binder] - second See <i>example</i> below: ABC-9999-XXX (1) - (2) - (3) h h h (1) The first segment [the binder letters. (2) The middle segment [the or with one of several suffix lett [Special note: some (3) The last segment %metal of the paste, the last cl	stes with product codes conforming to the following segment [alloy] - third segment [% metal code] er code] consists of three letters or a number and two he alloy code] may appear in basic form [no suffix letter], ers. alloys may also have a prefix letter.] consists of 3 characters: the first 2 digits denote the haracter will be a letter or numeral. oducts containing 60% metal or greater.		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification				
2.1. Classification of the substance				
Classification according to Regulat	• • •			
Health	: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Category Reproductive Toxicity, Categor	y 2		
Environmental	: Acute Hazards to the Aquatic E Chronic Hazards to the Aquatic			
2.2. Label elements				

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

BHL-1310-XXX Hazard pictogram(s)	: Exclamation Health hazard Environment		
	mark		
Signal Word	: WARNING		
Hazard statement(s)	: H302: Harmful if swallowed. H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statement(s)			
Prevention	 P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P264: Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection and face protection. 		
Response	: P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P330: Rinse mouth. P391: Collect spillage.		
Storage	: P405: Store locked up.		
Disposal	: P501: Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.		
2.3. Other hazards			
Immediate concerns	 Warning! Product contains fluorides: In use above 500°C [930°F] in the presence of water vapor, hydrogen fluoride gas is evolved. Hydrogen fluoride gas can cause irritation to the respiratory tract, and delayed burns to the eyes and skin. It can also cause fluid in the lungs [pulmonary edema], and death. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and inhalation of vapors. Fumes from the soldering/brazing process are irritating to the eyes and respiratory system. Hot metal can cause eye and skin burns. Avoid breathing fumes from the soldering process. Use only with adequate ventilation. 		

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not Applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical Name	CAS No.	EINECS No.	Wt.%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Potassium difluorodihydroxyborate(1-)	85392-66-1	286-925-2	<35	Acute Tox. (O),Cat. 4; Rep. Tox.,Cat. 2; H302; H361-1
Copper	7440-50-8	231-159-6	40 - 90	Acute Tox. (O),Cat. 4; Aquatic Acute,Cat. 1; Aquatic Chronic,Cat. 2; H302; H410
**Phosphorus	7723-14-0	231-768-7	1 - 10	Flam. Sol.,Cat. 1; Aquatic Chronic,Cat. 3; H228; H412
Silver	7440-22-4	231-131-3	0 - 20	Aquatic Acute,Cat. 1; Aquatic Chronic,Cat. 1; H400; H410
Tin	7440-31-5	231-141-8	0 - 10	Not classified

Additional information

: The specific chemical identity of the flux/binder formulation ingredients are being withheld as a trade secret. Disclosure will be provided to medical personnel in the event of an emergency. See Section 8 for exposure limits of hazardous ingredients [where applicable].

Note: This SDS is prepared to cover multiple alloys with the same GHS Hazard Classification and may list substances not applicable to the named product. Please see the Specification Sheet for product specific alloy composition and melt point range.

**Phosphorus is expected to be in the form of tricopper phosphide. There is no specific data on health dangers or toxicity of this substance.

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

SECTION 4. Thist did medsures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
Following eye contact	: Remove contact lenses. Hold eyelids apart. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of low- pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Following skin contact	: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Do not attempt to remove any material bonded to the skin. Flush area of skin contact immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists after flushing, get medical attention promptly. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
Following ingestion	: If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Following inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, trained personnel may give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effect	ts, both acute and delayed
Eyes	: Eye contact may cause: irritation and/or burning sensation.
Skin	: May cause irritation and burns to exposed tissue. Hot molten metal may cause burns to the skin.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, this product may cause gastrointestinal discomfort, nausea, vomiting.
Inhalation	: Inhalation of powder, dust or fumes may be irritating to the respiratory system. Inhalation of some metals may cause Metal Fume Fever: See section 11.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Fluorides can reduce serum calcium levels resulting in potentially fatal hypocalcemia. Focus medical efforts on combating shock and reducing systemic toxicity of fluoride ion.
SECTION 5: Fire fighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Extinguishing media	: For fires involving this product, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray. Do not use water if metal is molten.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the sub	ostance or mixture
General hazard	: During the soldering/brazing process, hazardous decomposition products may be released: See section 10.
Explosion hazards	: This material is classed as a non-flammible solid. Product will burn under fire conditions. Emits toxic and corrosive fumes under fire conditions.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Fire fighting procedures	: Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists.
Fire fighting equipment	: Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapors generated. Wear goggles if eye protection is not provided. Wash away any material that comes into contact with the body, clothing or equipment. When fighting fires involving this product, wear full protective gear. For fires in enclosed areas, fire fighters must use self-contained breathing apparatus.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measure	es
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equip	uipment and emergency procedures
General procedures	: Waste disposal method: Scoop up excess material and wash affected areas with soap and water. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Collect material into sealed and labeled containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
Special protective equipment	: Avoid inhaling vapor and/or mists. Do not get spilled material on skin, clothing, or in

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	eyes. Wear full protective clothing. See Section 8. Remove all contaminated clothing.		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
Water spill	: Avoid contamination of water bodies during cleanup and disposal. Do not flush to sewer. Advise relevant authorities if material enters sewers, water sources or low-lying areas.		
Land spill	: No data available		
Air spill	: No data available		
6.3. Methods and material for containr	nent and cleaning up		
Large spill	: Recover spilled material. Reclaim this material whenever possible. Collect material into sealed and labeled containers for reclamation or disposal.		
6.4. Reference to other sections			
Reference to other sections	: See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment		
	See Section 13 for Product Disposal considerations		
SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
7.1. Precautions for safe handling			
Handling	: Keep away from sources of ignition.		
Storage	: Keep lid tightly closed except when removing product.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclue	ding any incompatibilities		
Storage temperature	: 5°C (41°F) Minimum to 25°C (77°F) Maximum		
Shelf life	: See specification sheet or container label.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	: Solder or Braze Paste for joining metals.		
SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection			
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Chemi	Chemical Name: Potassium difluorodihydroxyborate(1-)		
Туре	ppm	mg/m ³	Comments
TWA		2.5 mg/m ³	(inorganic fluorides, as F)
Chemi	cal Nar	ne: Copper	
Туре	ppm	mg/m ³	Comments
TWA		0.2 mg/m ³	[fume, as Cu]
STEL		2 mg/m ³	[dusts & mists, as Cu]
TWA		1 mg/m ³	[dusts & mists, as Cu]
STEL		2 mg/m ³	[dusts & mists, as Cu]
Chemi	cal Nar	ne: **Phosph	norus
Туре	ppm	mg/m ³	Comments
TWA		0.1 mg/m ³	[for yellow-form phosphorus (brazing fume by-product: diphosphorus pentoxide has LTEL of 1 mg/m ³)]
STEL		0.3 mg/m ³	[for yellow-form phosphorus (brazing fume by-product: diphosphorus pentoxide has STEL of 2 mg/m ³)]
Chemi	Chemical Name: Silver		
Туре	ppm	mg/m ³	Comments
TWA		0.1 mg/m ³	
Chemi	Chemical Name: Tin		
Туре	ppm	mg/m ³	Comments
TWA		2 mg/m ³	
STEL		4 mg/m ³	

8.2. Exposure controls	
Engineering controls	: The use of local ventilation is required to maintain the concentration of fumes evolved from the soldering/brazing process to well below the occupational exposure limits, within the operator's breathing zone and the general vicinity. Use of process enclosures, exhaust systems, and other engineering/administrative controls should be designed in accordance with local conditions. Please refer to the ACGIH document, <i>Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices</i> [most recent edition], for details.
Eye/face protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields as a minimum level of protection. Consult ANSI Z87.1 for more information.
Skin protection	: Wear chemical resistant gloves. When material is heated, wear thermal-insulated gloves to protect against burns.
Respiratory protection	: When exposure limits (listed above) are exceeded or ventilation is inadequate, wear a NIOSH or European Standard approved respirator, in accordance with OSHA respirator regulations [29 CFR 1910.134] or European Standards [EN149]. Consult ANSI Z88.2 <i>American National Standard for Respiratory Protection</i> for guidance on proper selection, use and care of respirators.
Protective clothing	: Avoid skin contact. Wear chemical resistant clothing (long-sleeved shirt buttoned at the wrist) as necessary to prevent contact. For soldering/brazing operations where hot metallic parts are handled and molten metal may be present, wear heat-resistant gloves and clothing to protect from burns.
Work hygienic practices	: Minimize exposure in accordance with good hygiene practice. Good general hygienic practices include: Eating, drinking, and smoking should not be permitted in work areas. Wash thoroughly after handling, and before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics, or using the toilet. Keep area clean. Remove contaminated clothing promptly. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing dust, vapor or mist.
Other precautions	: Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product.
Additional information	: See American National Standard ANSI Z49.1, <i>Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes</i> , published by the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Road,

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SECTION 0: Physical and chamical properties				
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties				
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Appearance	: Viscous paste			
Colour	: Gray			
Odour	: Characteristic odor.			
рН	: Not Applicable			
Melting temperature	: Alloy Melting Range: 640°C - 925°C (1184°F - 1697°F). See Product Specification Sheet for the specific melt range.			
Boiling temperature	: 464-528°F [239-276°C] [for C003]			
Flash point	: Not Applicable			
Evaporation rate	: <0.01 [n-butyl acetate=1] [for C003]			
Flammable limits	: LEL/UEL: Not Determined			
Vapor pressure	: 0.02 mm Hg at 68°F/20°C [for C003]			
Vapor density	: 7.5 [air=1] [for C003]			
Specific gravity	: > 2 (water=1)			
Solubility in water	: Negligible			
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not Determined			
9.2. Other information				
Additional information	: Not Available			
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1. Reactivity				
Reactivity	: This material is not expected to be reactive at ambient conditions.			
10.2. Chemical stability				
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions of use.			
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions				
Hazardous Polymerization	: Will not occur.			
10.4. Conditions to avoid				
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Avoid extreme heat. Avoid prolonged exposure to air and moisture.			
10.5. Incompatible materials				
Incompatible materials	: Materials to avoid: oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents such as metal hydrides or alkali metals (Reaction with these materials may generate hydrogen gas, which could create an explosive hazard), acids, alkalies, sulfur, halogens, acetylene, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, bromates, strong bases, ammonia, magnesium, chlorates, iodates, strong oxidizers, hydrogen peroxide, bromine azide, chlorine trifluoride, ethyleneimine, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, cupric nitrate, peroxides.			
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products				
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include, but are not limited to: smoke, fumes, carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), highly corrosive and toxic hydrofluoric acid fumes. Metallic decomposition products may include: white phosphorous, phosphorus oxides, phosphine, phosphoric acid [if water is present], copper fume, metal oxide fumes, tin oxides.			
SECTION 11: Toxicological information				
11.1. Information on toxicological effects				

Chemical N	lame	Oral LD ₅₀	Dermal LD ₅₀	Inhalation LC ₅₀
Copper		Not established	Not established	Not established
Skin	 : Flux ingredient(s): Skin contact may cause: severe irritation, burns. Binder: Skin contact may cause: irritation, dermatitis. Alloy: Hot molten metal may cause burns to the skin. Wear protective equipment when working with molten metal. Silver: Skin contact with silver powder may produce localized irritation and/or argyria [permanent blue-gray discoloration of the skin]. Copper: Skin contact may cause irritation and dermatitis. Tin: No adverse effects expected. May cause skin irritation. 			
Ingestion	: Flux ingredient(s): Harmful if sw Binder: Ingestion may cause: ga Silver: Prolonged ingestion of silv discoloration of the skin, eyes, an Copper: Ingestion may cause na Tin: Ingestion of large doses may Phosphorus: Red phosphorus is non-poisonous. However, possibl considered, and symptoms such breath will indicate poisoning by t phosphorus is 50-100 mg.	strointestinal discomfo ver compounds may ca nd mucous membranes usea, vomiting, diarrhe y cause: nausea, vomiti s not readily absorbed a le contamination with t as nausea, vomiting, a	rt, diarrhea, nausea, v ause a permanent bluis s. ea. iing, diarrhea. and, in pure form, is co he yellow form must bo bdominal pain, or garl	omiting. sh onsidered e ic odor on
Inhalation	 : Flux ingredient(s): If inhaled, may cause: burns, severe irritation. Binder: If inhaled, may cause: irritation of the respiratory tract, coughing, sneezing, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, central nervous system depression. Phosphorus: Diphosphorus pentoxide (P₂O₅) fume is corrosive and irritating to the mucous membranes, respiratory system, eyes and skin. If inhaled, may cause coughing, bronchitis, possible kidney damage or liver damage if contaminated with yellow phosphorus. Copper: If inhaled, may cause: sneezing, nausea, weakness, fever. Fumes from heating may cause metal fume fever. Silver: Prolonged inhalation of silver compounds may cause a permanent bluish discoloration of the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Tin: No adverse effects expected. Inhalation of dust may cause mechanical irritation. 		lepression. to the e coughing, w om heating ish	
Notes	: If excessive quantities of copper metal fume fever. The symptoms include immediate dryness and ir coughing which may later be follo perspiration, frontal headache, m vision, nausea, and vomiting. The chronic effects that result from the	of metal fume fever wi ritation of the throat, tig wed by flu-like sympto uscle cramps, low bac ere are no recognized of	ill occur within 3 to 10 ghtness of the chest, a ms of fever, malaise, k pain, occasionally bl	hours, and nd urred
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: This material was not made with sensitizers.	any components know	n to be skin or respirat	ory
Germ cell mutagenicity	: This material was not made with	components identified	as being mutagenic.	
Carcinogenicity	: This product was not formulated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, OSHA or		at are classified as car	cinogenic
Reproductive toxicity	: Contains Borates: Animal ingestion that borates cause reproductive a occupational exposure to borate	and developmental effe	ects. A human study of	
STOT-single exposure	: Affected target organs: eyes, kidr system, bones (fluorosis), calcific conjunctiva, mucous membranes	ation of ligaments and		
SECTION 12: Ecological information				
12.1. Toxicity				
Toxicity	: Material - Expected to be toxic to Material - May cause long-tem ac		uatic environment.	
Aquatic toxicity (acute)	: No data available			

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12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	: No data available
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential	: No data available
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility in soil	: No data available
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessme	nt
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	: No data available
12.6. Other adverse effects	
General comments	: No data available
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Product disposal	: Disposal of waste material from the use of this product may be subject to federal, state and local regulations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the sole responsibility of the waste generator. Reclaimed scrap metal has monetary value. Contact a commercial reclaimer for information on recycling scrap metals. All recovered material should be packaged, labeled, transported and disposed or reclaimed in conformance with applicable laws and regulations and in conformance with good engineering practices.
Disposal method	: Dispose of in accordance with EC, national and local regulations, or sell to refiner.
Empty container	Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of empty container in accordance with EC, national and local regulations.

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SECTION 14: Transport information			
14.1. UN number			
UN number	: 3077		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
UN proper shipping name	: Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. [Copper metal powder]		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Primary hazard class/division	: 9 Environmentally Hazardous Substance		
14.4. Packing group			
Packing group	: 111		
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Marine pollutant	: Copper metal powder		
14.6. Special precautions for user			
IMDG - sea	: Marine Pollutants having a net quantity of 5 L or less for liquids or a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids are not subject to any other provision of the Code relevant to marine pollutants.		
IATA - air	: A197: May be shipped as "Not restricted" provided that the net quantity in any receptacle does not exceed 5 kg or 5 L.		
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Ann	ex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code		
Transport in bulk	: No further instructions, see above.		
Additional information	: This product is classified for transport per US DOT, ADR/RID, ICAO/IATA, and IMO/IMDG.		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. Safety, health and environmental re	15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
RoHS	: This product was not made with any components regulated under the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU.		
International regulations	: European Union:		

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulations (EC) No. 1907/2006 and No. 1272/2008.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment	
Chemical safety assessment	: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been completed for this material.
SECTION 16: Other information	
Relevant H-statements (number and full text)	 Acute Tox. (O), Cat. 4: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Aquatic Acute, Cat. 1: Acute Hazards to the Aquatic Environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic, Cat. 1: Chronic Hazards to the Aquatic Environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic, Cat. 2: Chronic Hazards to the Aquatic Environment, Category 2 Aquatic Chronic, Cat. 3: Chronic Hazards to the Aquatic Environment, Category 3 Flam. Sol., Cat. 1: Flammable Solids, Category 1 Rep. Tox., Cat. 2: Reproductive Toxicity, Category 2 H228: Flammable solid. H302: Harmful if swallowed. H361-1: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Approved by	: Regulatory Affairs
Prepared by	: Jerishia D. Fouts
Information contact	: Regulatory Affairs
Manufacturer disclaimer	: This Material Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with U.S. OSHA, Canadian WHMIS, and European Community Safety Data Sheet directives. This document is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. The information and recommendations contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and to represent the most reasonable current opinion on the subject when the MSDS was prepared, and are offered in good faith. However, no warranty, guaranty or representation is expressed or implied as to the correctness or sufficiency of the information. The user of this product must decide what safety measures are necessary to safely use this product, either alone or in combination with other products, and determine its environmental regulatory compliance obligations under any applicable EC, national or state laws. Fusion, Incorporated assumes no responsibility for injury to the end user caused by the material even if proper safety procedures are followed. The end user assumes the risk in the use of this material. The information in this document may be changed periodically. Contact Fusion to determine if you possess the most current version of the document.